

## Silicate Mineral Associations

For each of the following minerals, tell what group it belongs to, which silicate subclass it is a member of, and whether it is hydrous (Y) or not (N). Hydrous minerals contain either H<sub>2</sub>O or OH. For the feldspars, be sure to indicate K-spar or plagioclase (under “Group”). For the pyroxenes and amphiboles, indicate (under Group) if it is ortho or clino. For Al<sub>2</sub>SiO<sub>5</sub> minerals, indicate the formula under “Group”. Also indicate minerals likely to be found in alkaline rocks.

Mineral	Alkaline?	Group	Subclass	Hydrous?
1. Kaolinite	_____	_____	_____	_____
2. Enstatite	_____	_____	_____	_____
3. Kyanite	_____	_____	_____	_____
4. Fayalite	_____	_____	_____	_____
5. Grossularite	_____	_____	_____	_____
6. Augite	_____	_____	_____	_____
7. Riebeckite	_____	_____	_____	_____
8. Biotite	_____	_____	_____	_____
9. Nepheline	_____	_____	_____	_____
10. Labradorite	_____	_____	_____	_____
11. Hornblende	_____	_____	_____	_____
12. Wollastonite	_____	_____	_____	_____
13. Diopside	_____	_____	_____	_____
14. Epidote	_____	_____	_____	_____
15. Aegirine	_____	_____	_____	_____
16. Chlorite	_____	_____	_____	_____
17. Albite	_____	_____	_____	_____
18. Sanidine	_____	_____	_____	_____
19. Stilbite	_____	_____	_____	_____
20. Tremolite	_____	_____	_____	_____